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Title	A Study on Learning Interaction Relationships for Indoor Human Activity with RGB-D Video
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Citation	
Issue Date	2018-03
Туре	Thesis or Dissertation
Text version	author
URL	http://hdl.handle.net/10119/15247
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Description	Supervisor:吉高 淳夫,情報科学研究科,修士



## A Study on Learning Interaction Relationships for Indoor Human Activity with RGB-D Video

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March 14, 2017

**Keywords:** Activity Recognition, Human-human interactions, Human-object interactions, Recurrent neural networks.

Understanding human activity has been an important research area in computer vision. Generally, we can model the human interactions as a temporal sequence with the transition in relationships of humans and objects. On the other hand, many studies have proved the effectiveness of Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM) networks in long-term temporal dependency problems. In this study, the author proposed a novel Structured Recurrent Neural Network (S-RNN) to model spatio-temporal relationships between human subjects and objects in daily human interactions. The author represent the evolution of different components as well as the relationships between them over time by several LSTM subnets. Then, the hidden representations of those relations are fused into the later layers to obtain the final hidden representation. The prediction is carried out by the single-layer perceptron. The experimental results of different tasks on the CAD-120, SBU-Kinect-Interaction, and Multi-modal & Multi-view & Interactive (M2I) datasets showed advantages of the proposed method compared with the state-of-art methods.